

MARY CHESEBRO LEE  
DETACHED TENT #23[www.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~wimclduv/](http://www.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~wimclduv/)<https://www.facebook.com/duvcwmaryclee>

Bill Seaman of St. Francis will be our guest speaker at the September 26<sup>th</sup> meeting. Seaman is a musician who reports that "music is his life". He participates in Bugles Across America and enjoys honoring our veterans. Come and enjoy his presentation!



## REMEMBER PATRIOT DAY

In the United States, Patriot Day, observed as the National Day of Service and Remembrance, occurs on September 11th of each year in memory of the people killed in the 2001 September 11 attacks.

In the immediate aftermath of the attacks, President George W. Bush, proclaimed Friday September 14, 2001, as a National Day of Prayer and Remembrance for the Victims of the Terrorist Attacks on September 11, 2001.

A bill to make September 11th a national day of mourning was introduced in the U.S. House on October 25, 2001, by Rep. Vito Fossella (R-NY) with 22 co-sponsors, among them eleven Democrats and eleven Republicans. The bill requested that the President designate September 11 of each year as Patriot Day. Joint Resolution 71 passed the House by a vote of 407-0, with 25 members not voting.<sup>[4]</sup> The bill passed the Senate unanimously on November 30. President Bush signed the resolution into law on December 18 as Pub.L. 107-89. On September 4, 2002, President Bush used the authority of the resolution to proclaim September 11, 2002, as the first Patriot Day. Source:Wikipedia



## FRATERNITY, CHARITY, LOYALTY

The next meeting of Tent #23 will held at  
The Delavan Community Centre  
on Tuesday, September 26 at 6:30pm

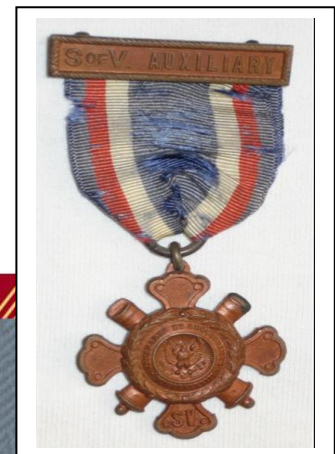


### OUR WOMEN'S ALLIED ORDERS

The **National Woman's Relief Corps**, Auxiliary to the Grand Army of the Republic, Inc., is a patriotic organization whose express purpose is to perpetuate the memory of the Grand Army of the Republic, as their auxiliary organized at their request on July 25 and 26, 1883 in Denver, Colorado, and incorporated by Public Act of the 87th Congress on September 7, 1962. The WRC is one of the many women's organizations that were founded after the American Civil War. In 1879, a group of Massachusetts women started a "secret" organization and its members were to be women who were loyal to the North during the American Civil War.<sup>[2]</sup> From 1879, the WRC held as the primary means to identify women who were eligible to become members was remaining loyal to the Union. It didn't matter where the applicants lived during the Civil War as long as they could prove loyal to the Union. The organization was designed to assist the GAR, promote and help run Memorial Day (alongside the GAR), petition the federal government for nurse's pensions, and promote patriotic education. Source: Wikipedia

The **Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic**, Inc. is Congressionally Chartered, and is the oldest Women's hereditary organization in the United States. The original objectives of the organization included promotion of patriotism and loyalty to the Union, participation in community service, especially for the aid of our Veterans and their dependents. Today's objectives are still the same, with great emphasis on education and preservation of Civil War history. This is accomplished through local school and community programs, monument and battlefield preservation, fundraising for memorial and dedication ceremonies, and involvement in local activities including patriotic holiday observances and parades. The goal of The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic is to teach patriotism and preserve the history of our ancestry. This is our founding principle. Together with other organizations, we are making a difference in our Country, one community at a time. Source: The Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic Website

Many of the SUVCW's objectives could not be attained without the support of its **Auxiliary to the Sons of Union Veterans**. Originally organized as the **Ladies Aid Society** in 1883, the Auxiliary to the SUVCW is composed of women who share the interests and goals on the Sons. They work alongside the SUVCW during special events, ceremonies and presentations. Membership is open to those both with and without Union ancestry. Wives, daughters and mothers of SUVCW members are invited to join. A Junior membership has been established for girls 8 to 12 years old. Source: Department of Wisconsin ASUVCW Website



Mary Winchowky and Pat Blackmer  
Are responsible for the treats for our  
September Meeting





The Battle Flag of the 186<sup>th</sup>  
New York Volunteer Infantry



Cooper may have pursued this  
crew of "bushwhackers"



Incorporated December 12, 1885  
Federally Chartered December 9, 1985

## KEEP 'GREEN' THEIR MEMORY: WHERE DID OUR ANCESTORS SERVE DURING THE CIVIL WAR?

### WILLAM BLACKMER, CO. H, 186<sup>TH</sup> NEW YORK VOL. INF.

(Ancestor of Kay Donna Clingman and Pamela Blackmer Johnson)

Willam Blackmer mustered into service on September 8, 1864 at Sacketts Harbor, NY. The troop's first engagement was at Hatcher's Run, VA in October of 1864. He fought at the battle of Fort Stedman in March of 1865 and was wounded at the battle of Petersburg by a shell fragment that entered his left side. He was in a field hospital for two weeks while his regiment went on to combat in the Appomattox Campaign in VA March 28-April 8, 1865. Blackmer was mustered out of service in June of 1865.

### CHARLES A. COOPER, CO. A, 43<sup>RD</sup> WISCONSIN VOL. INF.

(Ancestor of Margaret LeGois, Barbara Steuer, Marybell Seeber)

The 43<sup>rd</sup> was organized at Camp Randall in Madison in September of 1864 leaving the state for Tennessee in October. Troops were stationed at Johnsonville, TN guarding the railroad and supplies until November 30 when they moved to Clarksville, TN and then on to Nashville under the command of General George H. Thomas. They remained on guard duty at the Elk River Bridge along the line of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad until June of 1865. Cooper's troop also was sent out to pursue bushwhackers in Georgia, Alabama as well as Tennessee. He was mustered out of service in June of 1865 one of the few soldiers who was never wounded or contracted disease during his time in service.

Our ancestors who fought in the Civil War were responsible for the freedom of 4,000,000 slaves while a total of 750,000 soldiers made the ultimate sacrifice with their lives. It is equally interesting to note that the Union soldiers also preserved "ONE" nation!

**PLEASE REMEMBER OUR REAL DAUGHTERS BY BRINGING GREETING CARDS/STAMPS TO OUR SEPTEMBER MEETING. WE CURRENTLY HAVE 5 REAL DAUGHTERS IN DUVCW**